Atharva Institute of Management Studies

Activity / Event report

Name of event   : **IT TALKS Episode 19**

Link of the page   : http://www.facebook.com/ITTalksForAll

Date(s) of conduction   : 3 September 2021

Class / Sem   : MMS/PGDM BATCH 2020-2022

Faculty coordinator   : Dr. Shubhi Lall Agarwal.

Student coordinator/ committee   : Shivang Sharma (MMS)

                                              Sneha Kamalpuria (MMS)

Resource person   : Dr. R.G. Ratnawat.

Organization   : Atharva Institute of Management Studies.

Designation   : Director, AIMS.

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DESCRIPTION

Objectives:

- E-governance

Key Takeaways:

- Introduction to Speaker.
- What is E-Governance.
- Governance – Manage, Regulate, and Control.
- How information exchange takes place.
- Benefits of E Governance:
  - Increase efficiency of offices.
  - Increase effectiveness of offices.
  - Increase responsiveness of offices.
  - Elimination of excuses.
  - Speedy and timely delivery of government services.
  - Reduces Corruption.
  - Time Efficient.
  - Convenient for stake holders.
  - Trust amongst the people for government has gone up.
- E-Governance started in 1970.
- History and background of E-Governance.
- Various programs of E-Governance.
  - Bhoomi Project – Kerela.
  - Khajana – Karnataka.
  - E- Seva – Andhra Pradesh.
  - Digital India – Central Government.
    - Digi Locker

- E – Locker.
  - My GOV.
- E – Government: Implementation of ICT.
- How E – Government started in India.
- E – Government is all about Information Management:
  - Database Management.
  - Knowledge management.
  - Metric and Indication Management.
- Major Objective of E- Government.
- Scope of E-Government:
  - Government to Government. (G to G)
  - Government to Business. (G to B)
  - Government to Employees. (G to E)
  - Government to Citizens. (G to C)
- Pillars of E-Government:
  - People.
  - Structure of Process.
  - Technology.
  - Required Resources.
- Data protection and security in E-Governance.
- Most recent development in E-Governance:
  - Government web portals.
  - Open-source software.
  - Digital Payments.
  - Mobile Governance.
  - Digital India.
- Technical illiteracy is a major challenge faced in order to implement E-Governance as India majorly consists of rural villages as it is one pf the fastest developing nations in the world.

- How E-Governance can be beneficial for the educational institutes and the students.
- Penetration of technology is only possible in rural areas after the awareness regarding the same.
- Major Challenges faced by E-Governance:
  - Language Barrier.
  - Infrastructure.
  - Technology Awareness.
  - Lack of co-ordination in various departments.
  - Lack of integration.
  - Investment.
- Learning how to overcome the challenges faced by the government to implement E-Governance.
- Benefits of E-Governance:
  - Transparency.
  - Speedy Delivery of services.
  - Reducing the corruption.
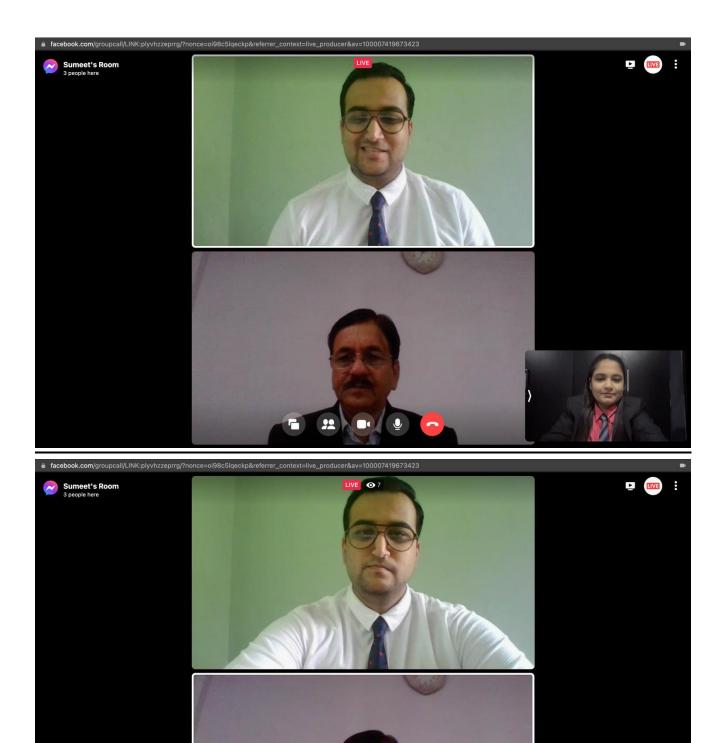- Vote of thanks by Ms. Sneha Kamalpuria.

FLYER OF THE EVENT

Flyer Designed by: Piyush Chaudhary (MMS)

GLIMPSES

Sumeet's Room
3 people here

LIVE

Sumeet's Room
3 people here

LIVE 7

EVENT REPORT PREPARED BY: SNEHA KAMALPURIA, STUDENT, MMS DIVISION B.

Verified by: Dr. Shubhi Lall Agarwal, Director, IQAC, AIMS.

Submitted to: Dr. R.G. Ratnawat, Director, Atharva Institute of Management Studies.

This video was recorded on the official page of IT Talks for all.

Live session was initiated by Sneha Kamalpuria.

Hosting was done by: Mr. Shivang Sharma & Ms. Sneha Kamalpuria.

This event was conducted under the guidance of IQAC, AIMS.